

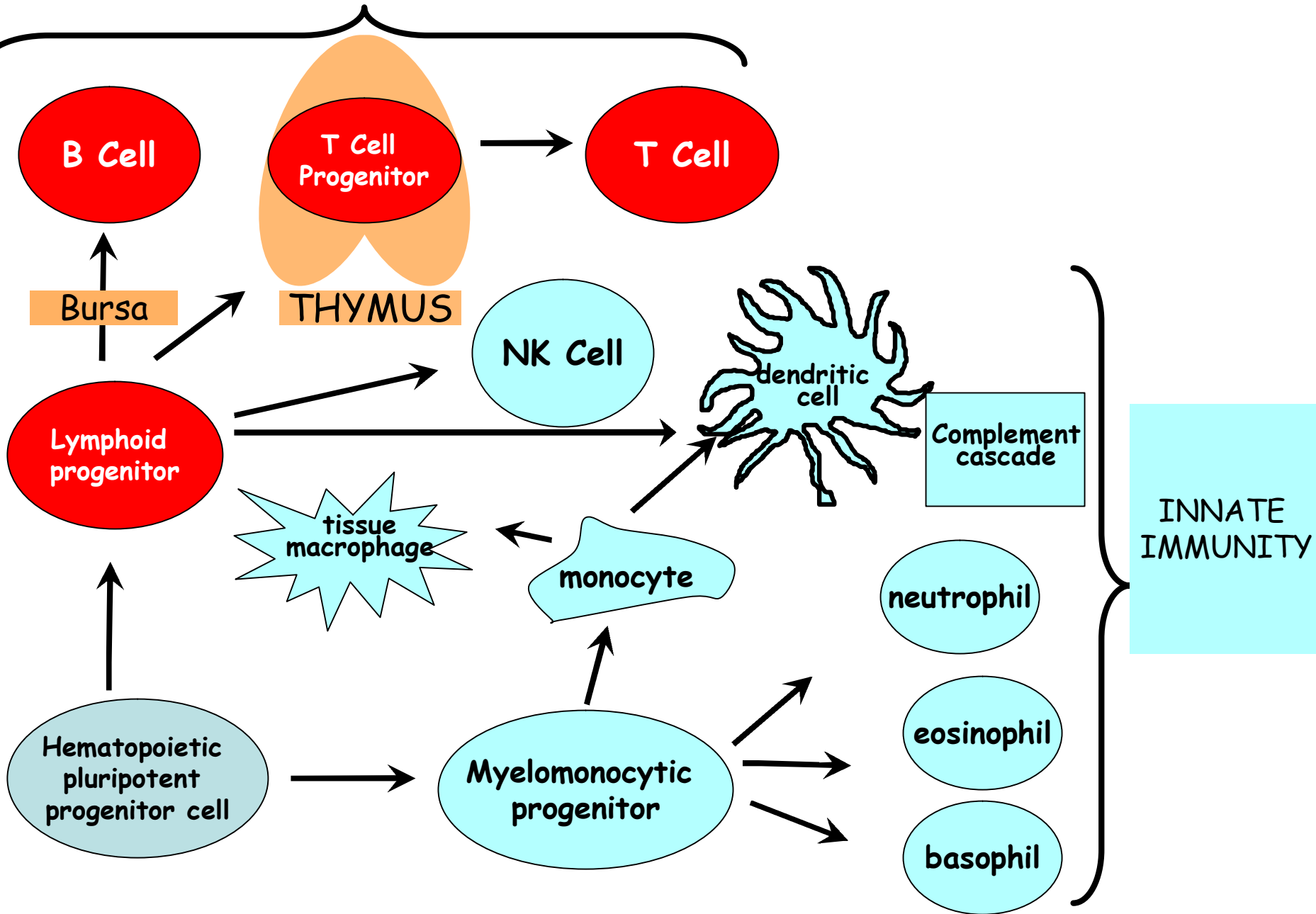
# The Immune Response to Lymphopenia

Recombinant DNA Advisory Committee

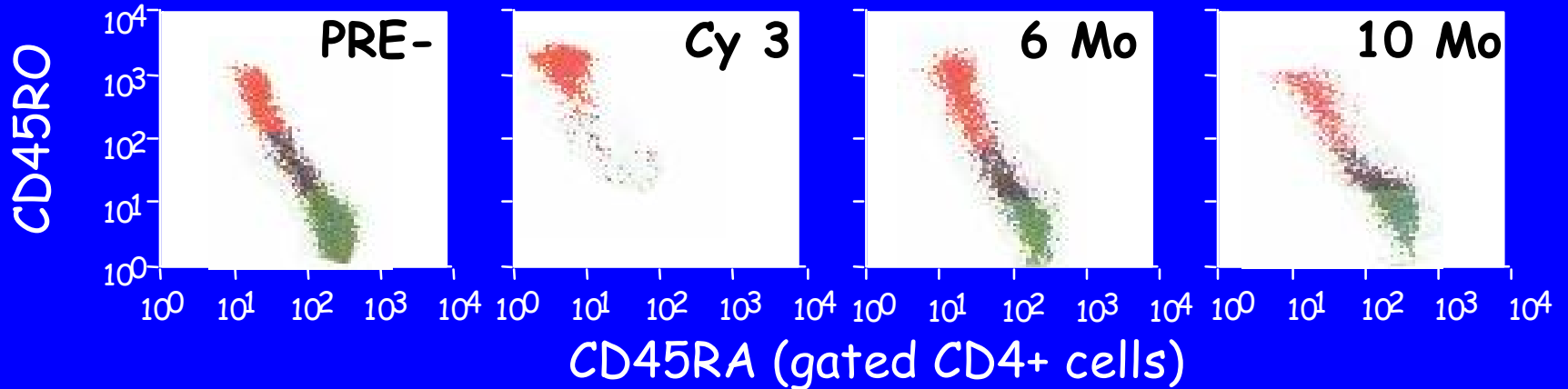
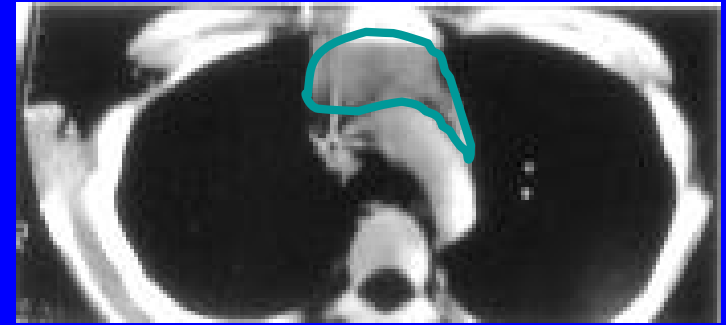
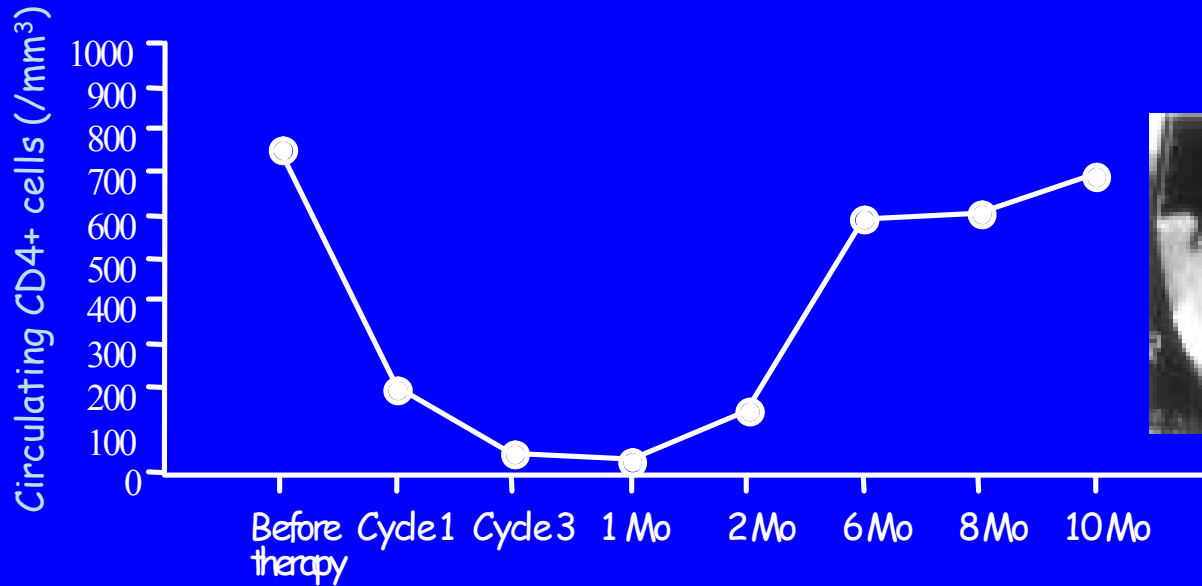
Crystal L Mackall MD

December 16, 2004

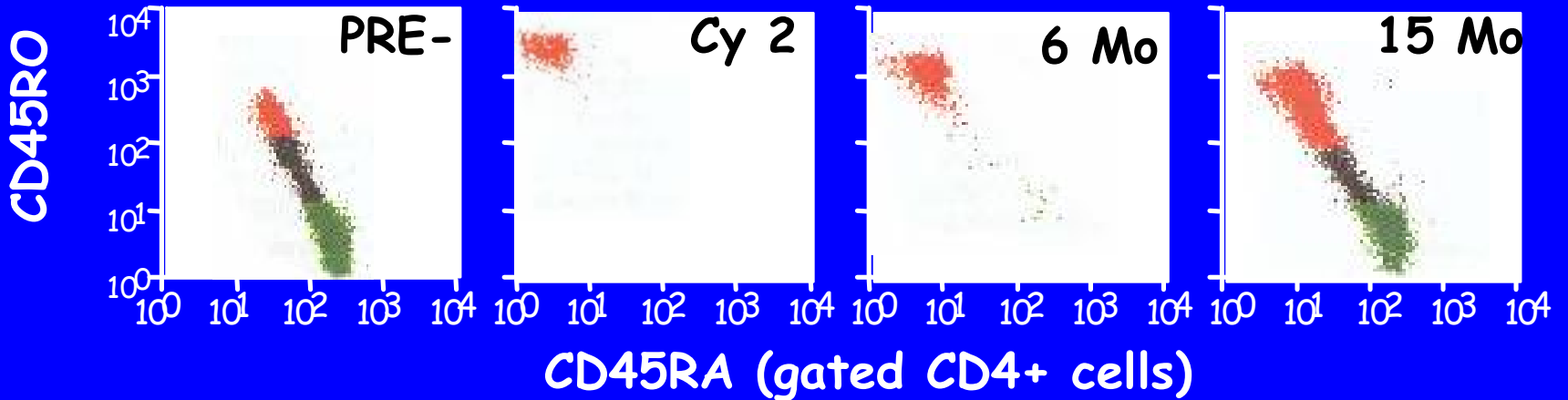
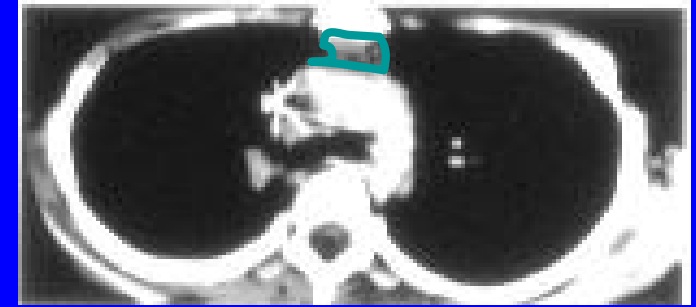
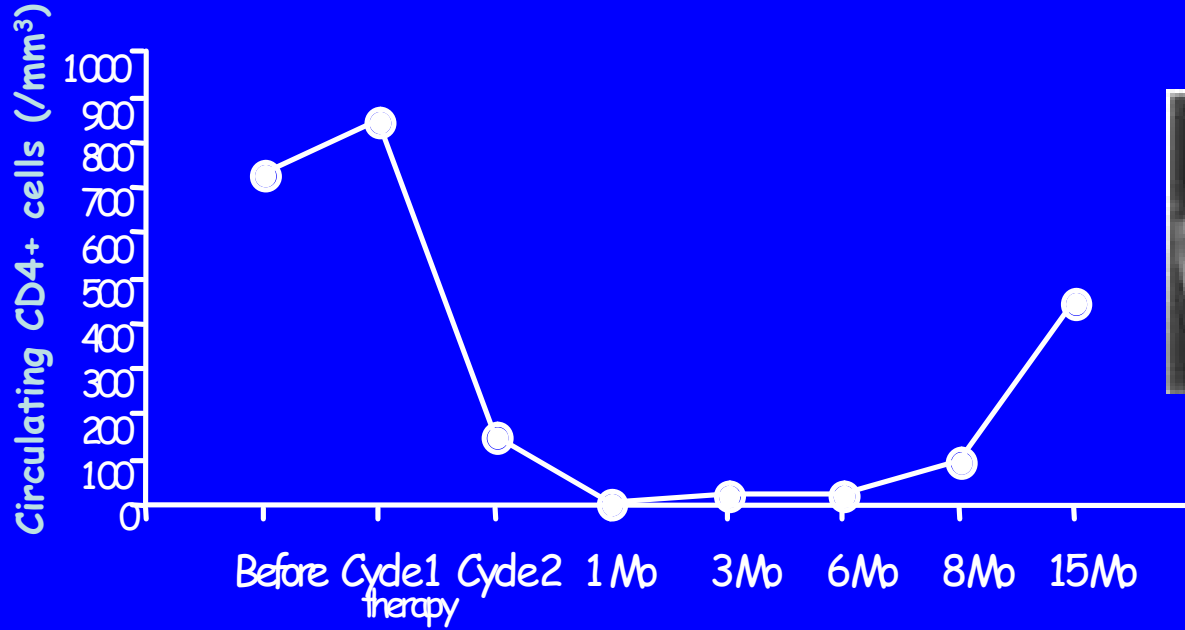
# ADAPTIVE IMMUNITY



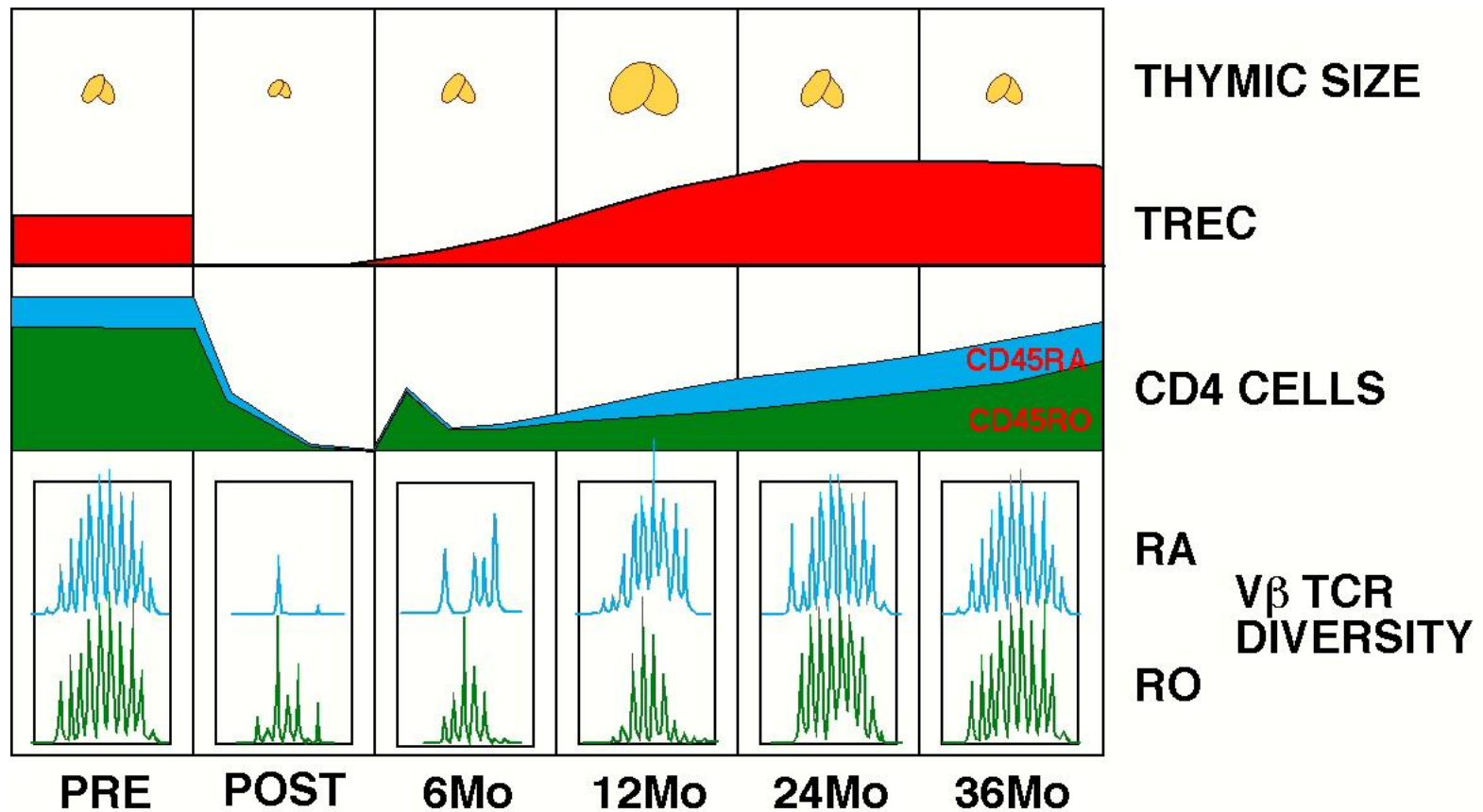
# Restoration of CD4+ T Cells via Thymopoiesis (Age 3)



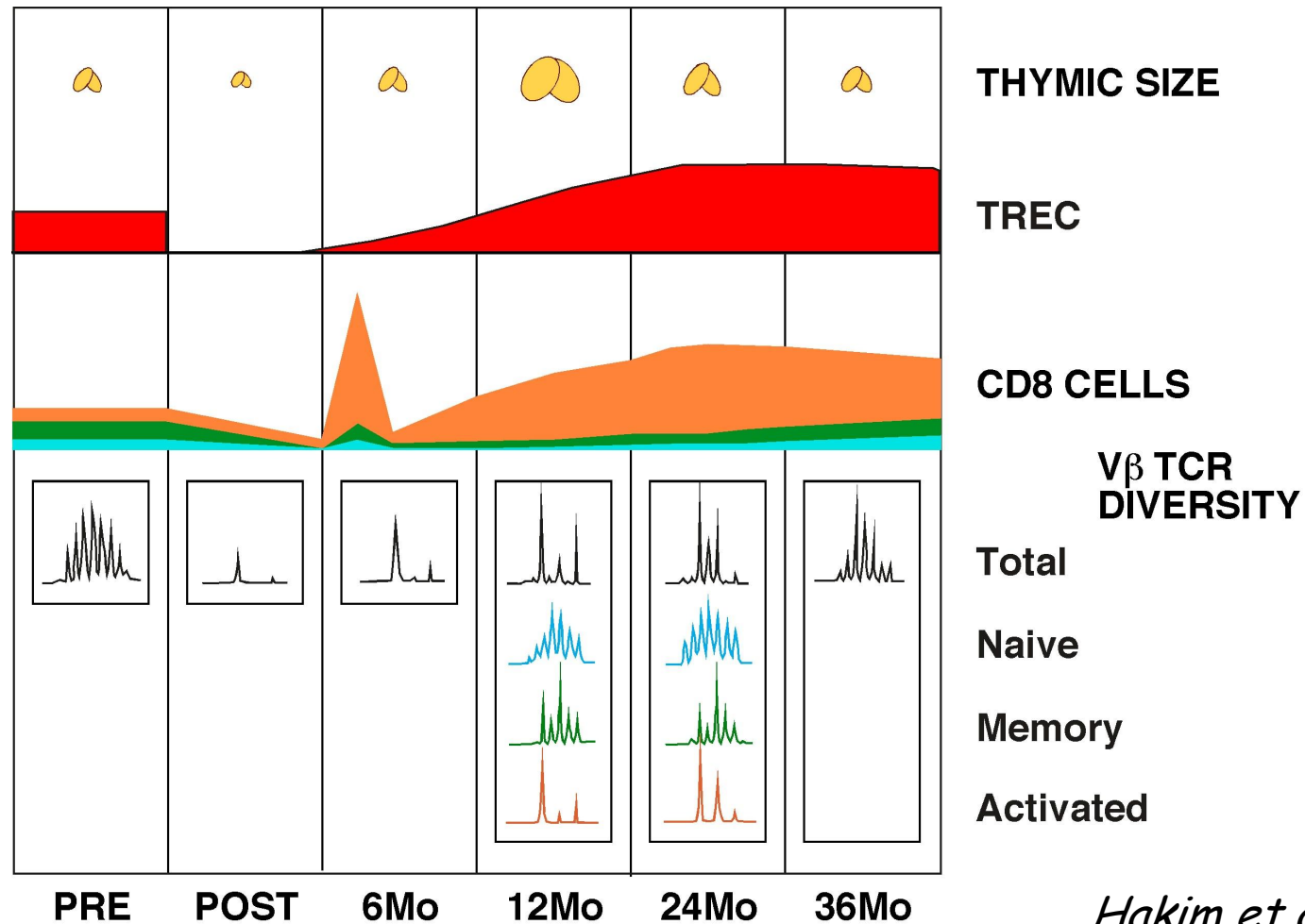
# Prolonged CD4+ Depletion with Thymic Insufficiency (Age 21)



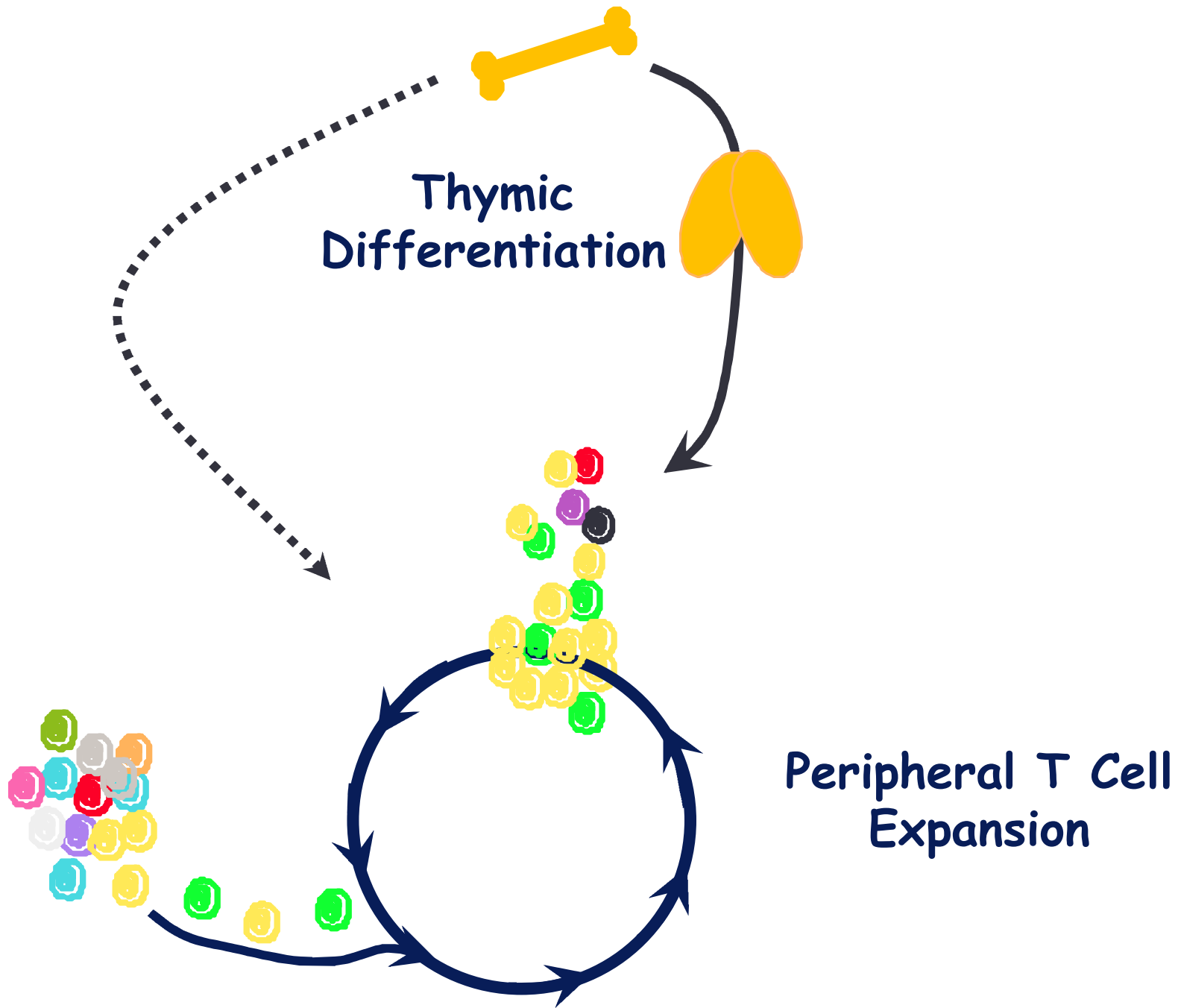
# CD4+ Immune Reconstitution in Hosts with “Thymic Insufficiency”



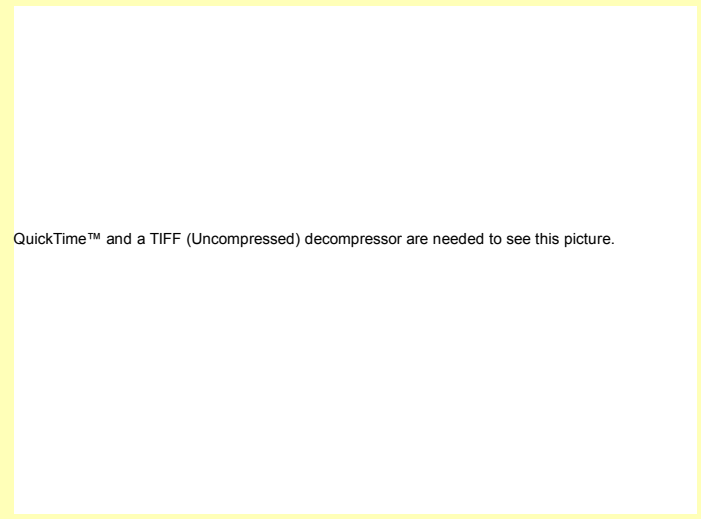
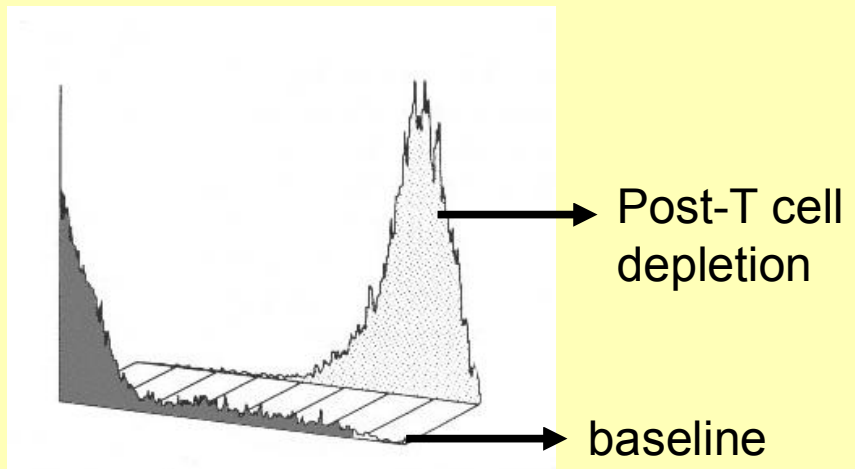
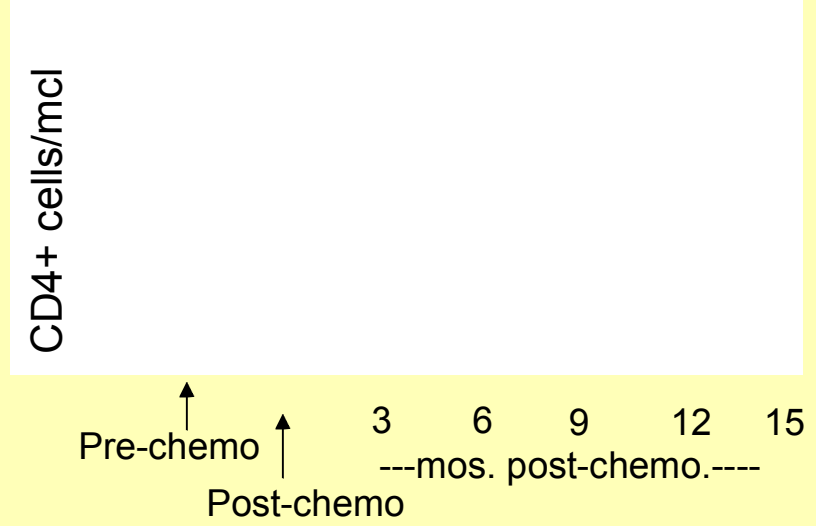
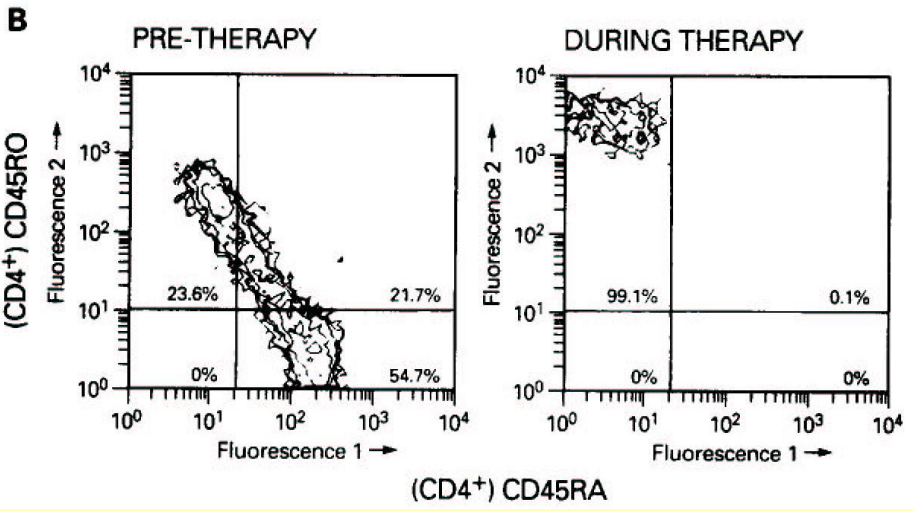
# CD8+ Immune Reconstitution in Adults after Autologous BMT



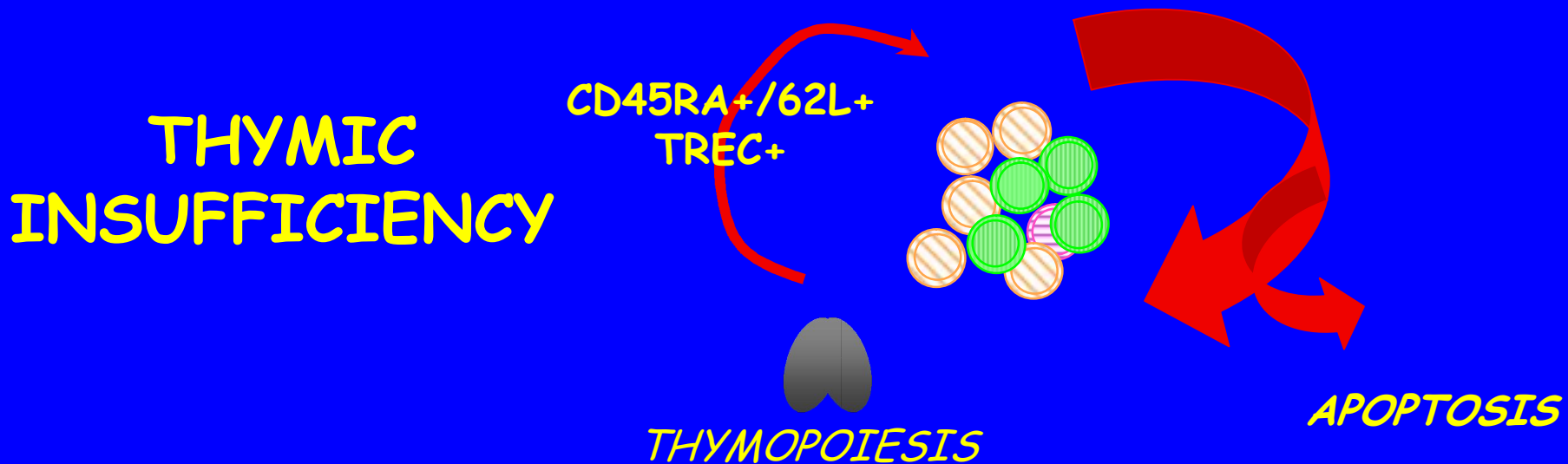
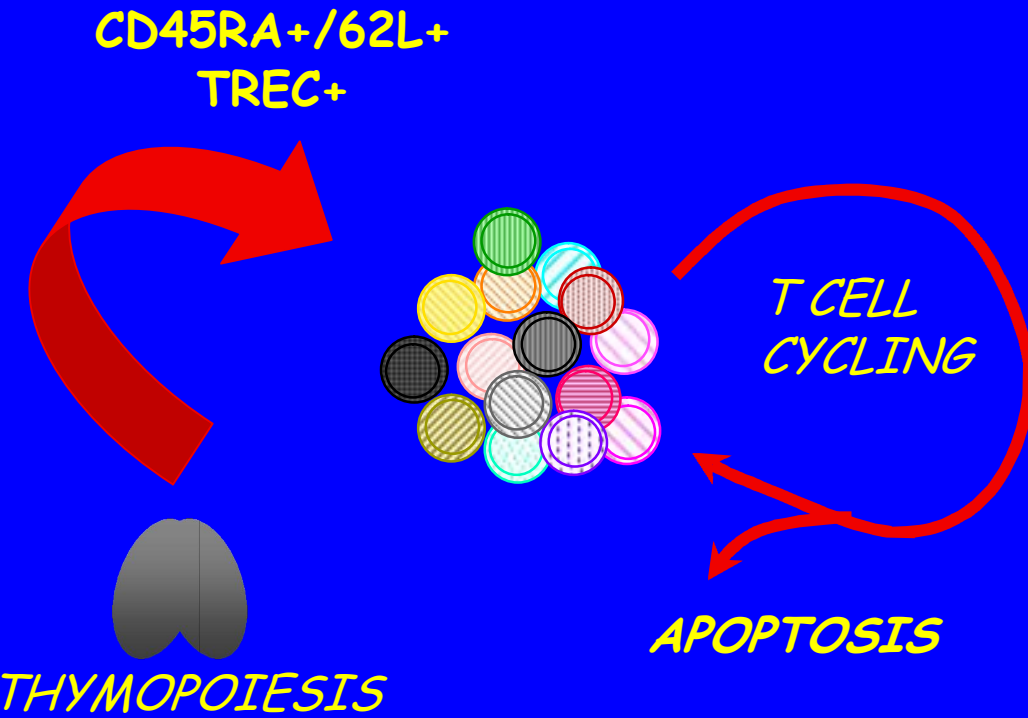
*Hakim et al., submitted*



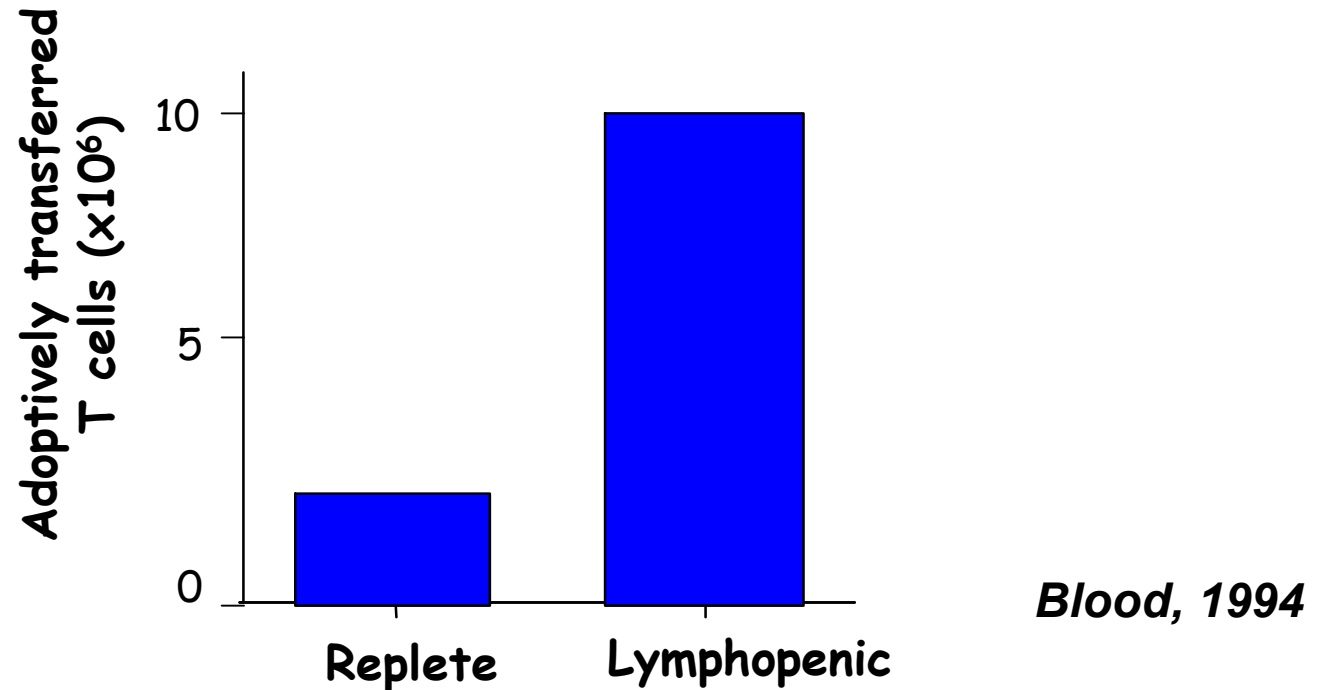
# Homeostatic Peripheral Expansion Lead to Accumulation of Activated T Cells, Which Are Prone to Apoptosis





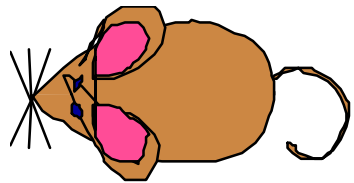


# Peripheral Expansion of T Cells Is Increased in T Cell Depleted Hosts

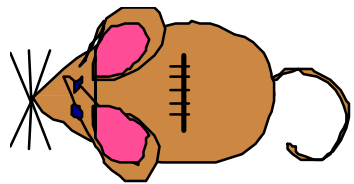


- Miller, Stutman - 10,000 fold expansion, *J Immunol*, 1984
- Bell, Sparshott - nude rats, *J Immunol*, 1987
- Osias Stutman - *Immunol. Rev.* 1986

# Lymphopenic Hosts Have Increased T Cell Expansion in Response to Cognate Antigen

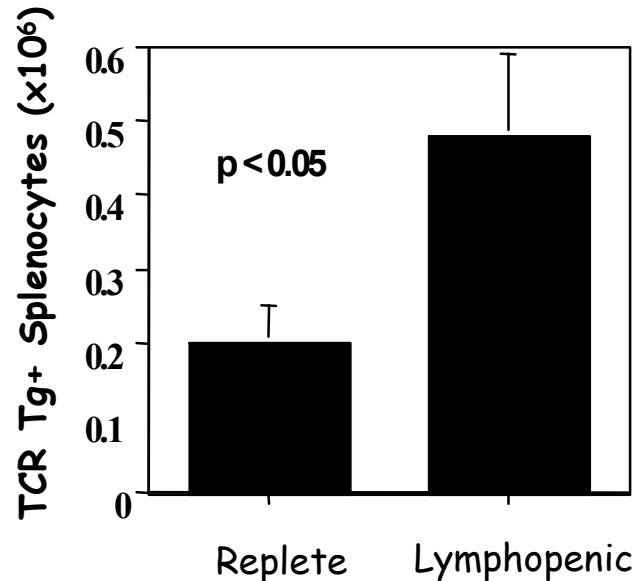
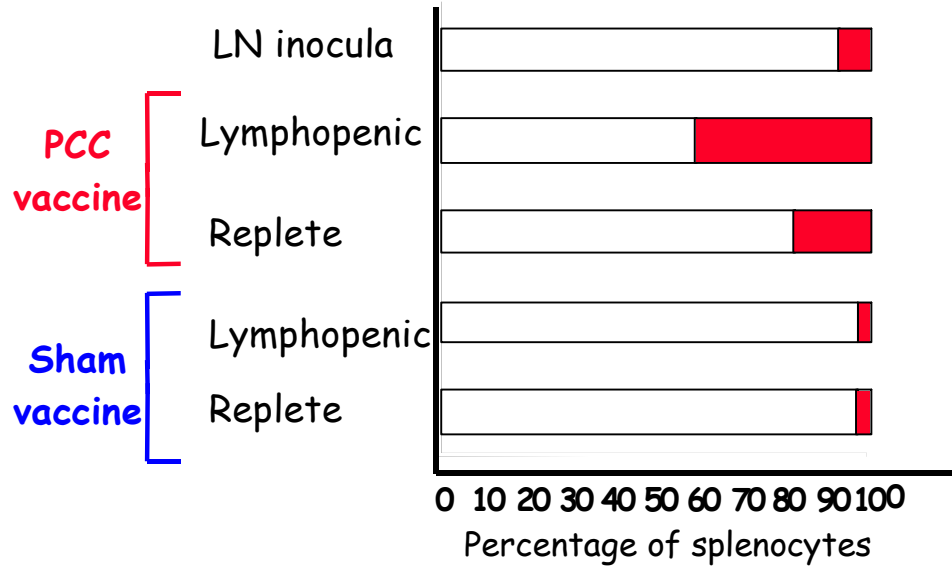


Thymus Bearing  
= T cell replete



Thymectomized  
= lymphopenic

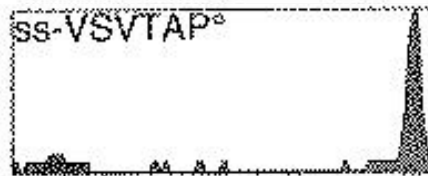
Bone Marrow Tx  
TCR Tg+ LN + Ag



# Low Affinity Antigens Induce Proliferation During Homeostatic Peripheral Expansion

Model:

- Adoptive transfer of OT-1 TCR Tg<sup>+</sup> (RAG<sup>-/-</sup>) cells into a T cell deficient host
- TAP deficient host
- Controlled antigen expression
- Monitor proliferation via CFSE



CFSE (V $\alpha$ 2<sup>+</sup>CD8<sup>+</sup> gated)

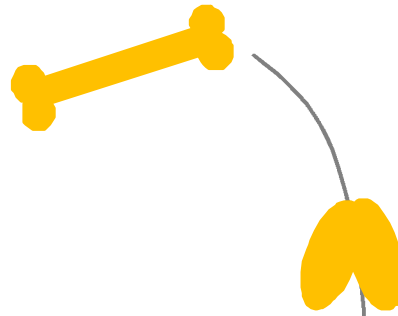
**Ag expression**

**VSV: no affinity**

**R4: antagonist (low affinity)**

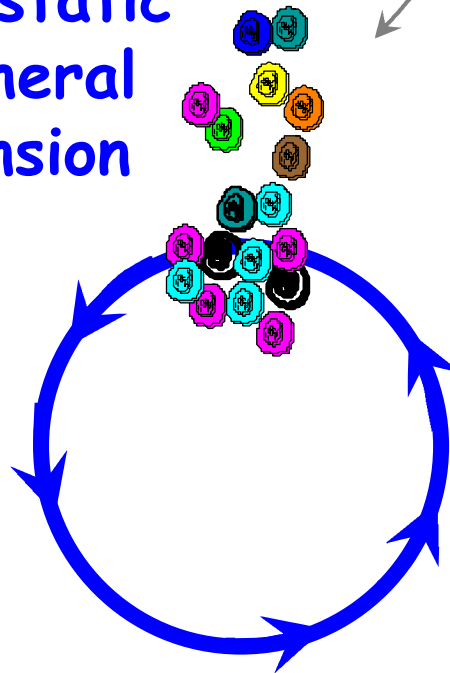
**Ova: agonist (high affinity)**

Progenitor Pool

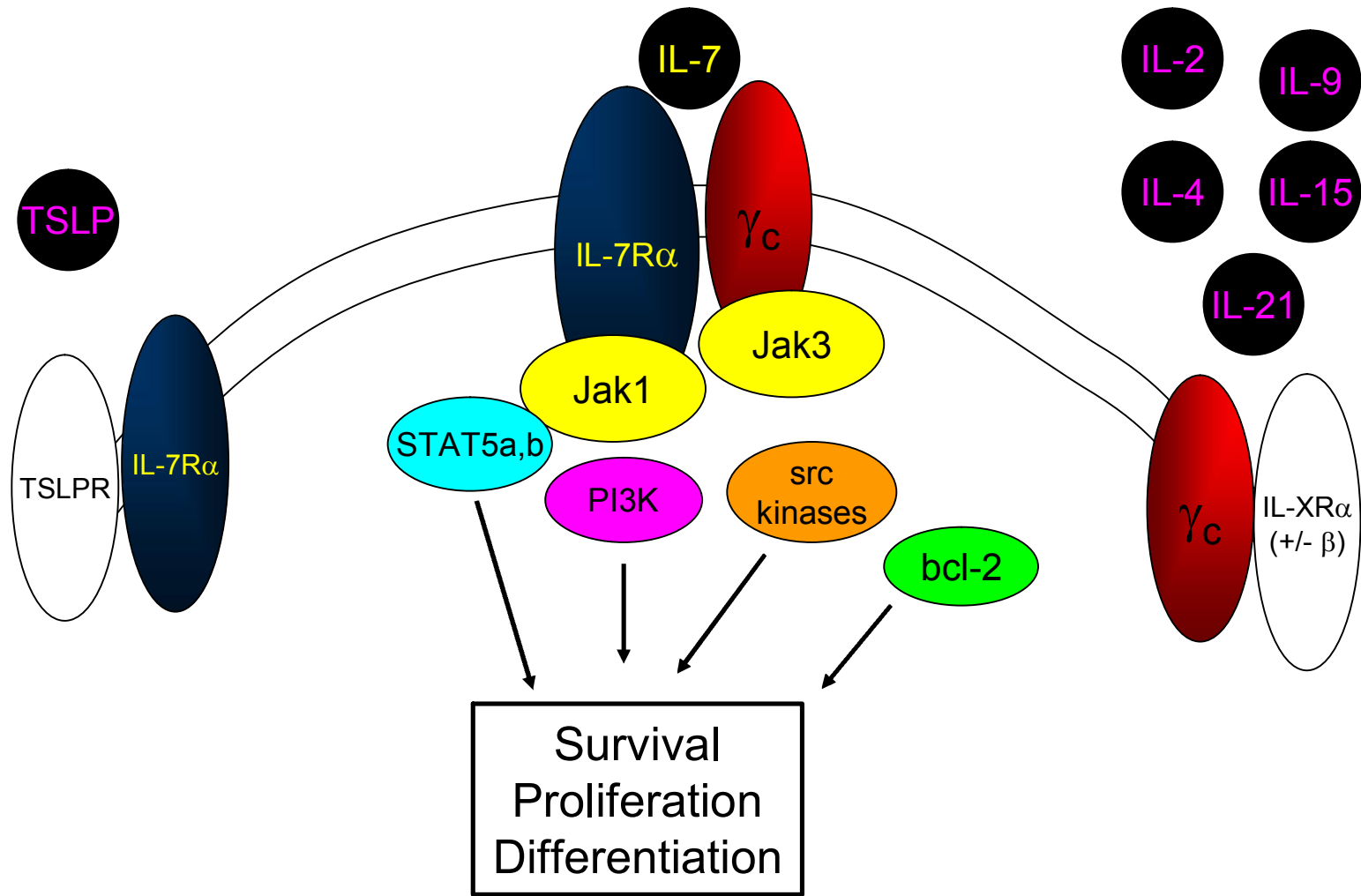


Thymic Differentiation

Homeostatic Peripheral Expansion

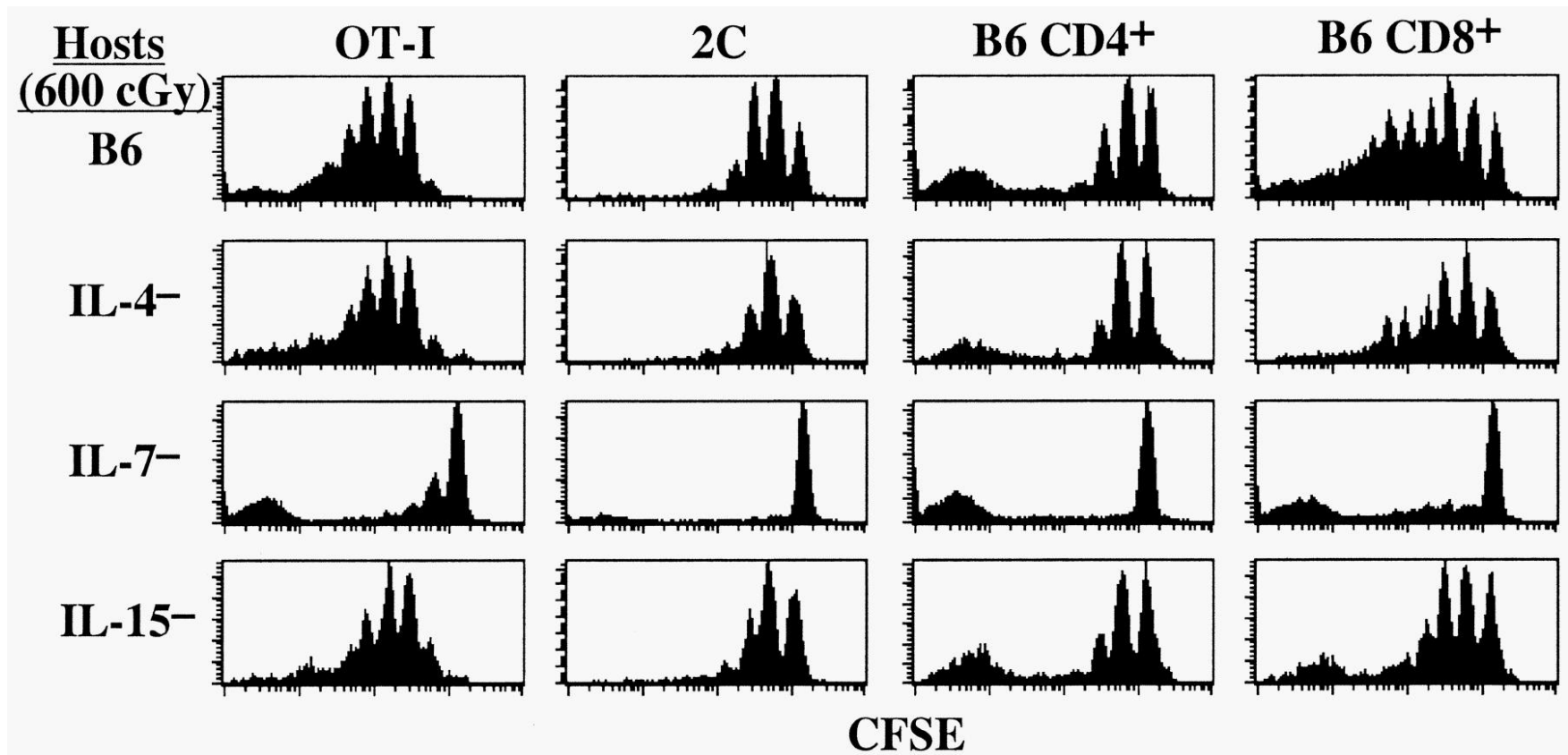


- involves both naïve and memory cells
- exaggerated proliferation to high affinity antigen
- proliferation to low affinity/self antigens

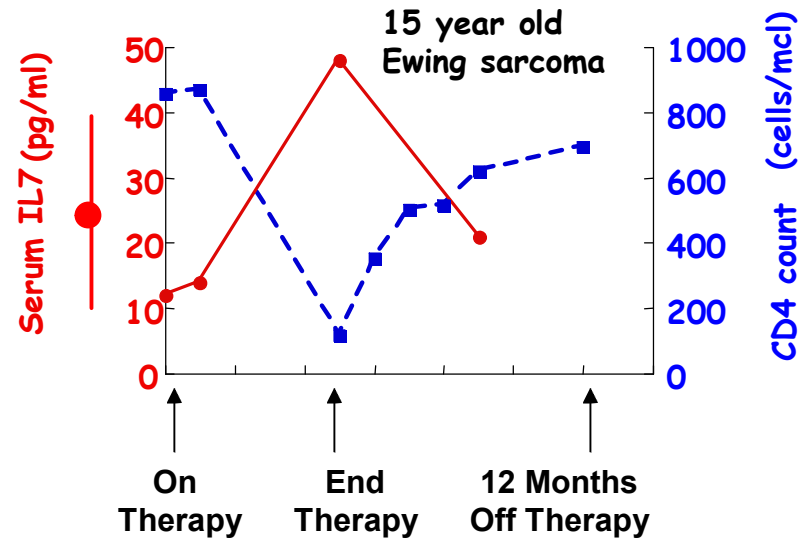
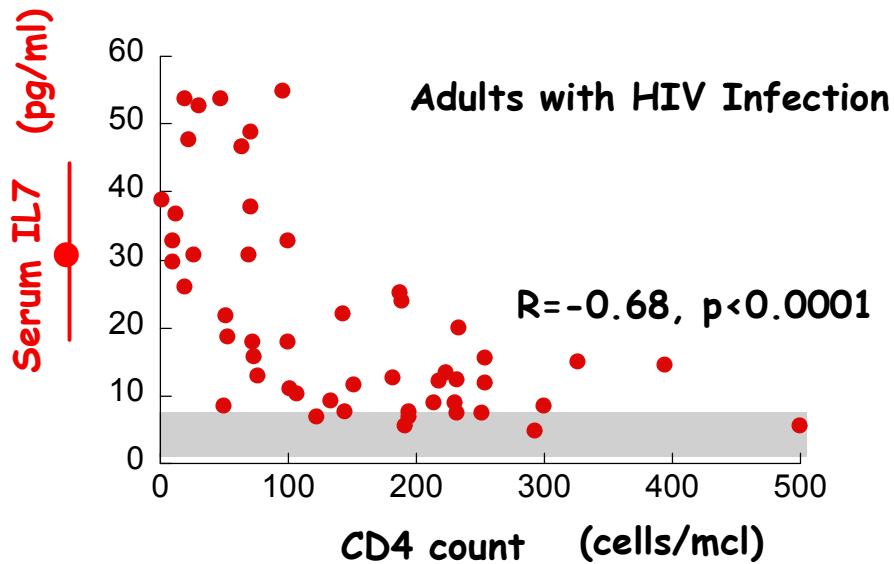


**IL-7: Required for T and B Cell Development in Mice and for T Cell Development in Humans**

# Homeostatic Peripheral Expansion in T Cell Depleted Hosts Requires IL-7



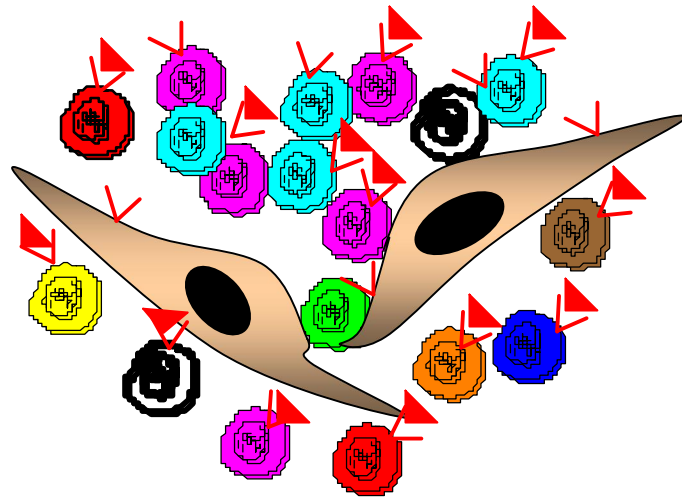
# IL-7 Levels Rise in Response to CD4+ T Cell Depletion





# Working Model: "Homeostatic Cytokines" Such as IL7 Accumulate During T Cell Depletion

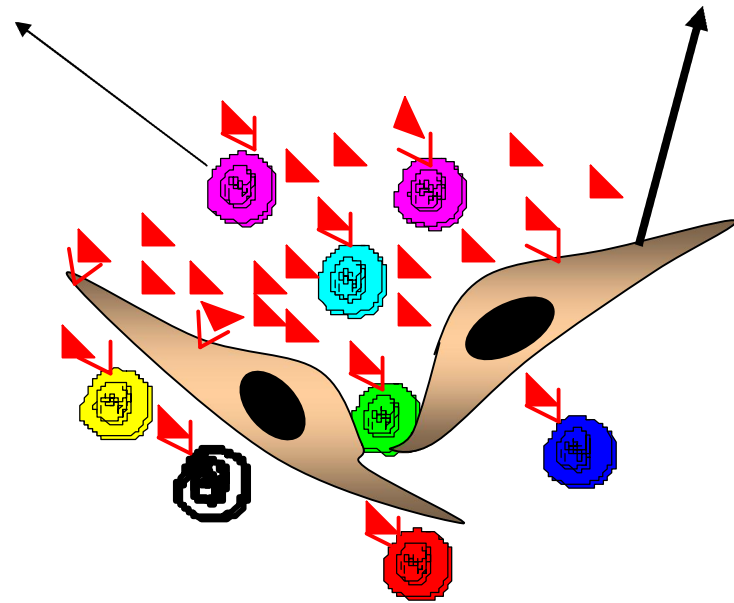
▲ IL7  
∟ IL7 receptor



T Cell Replete

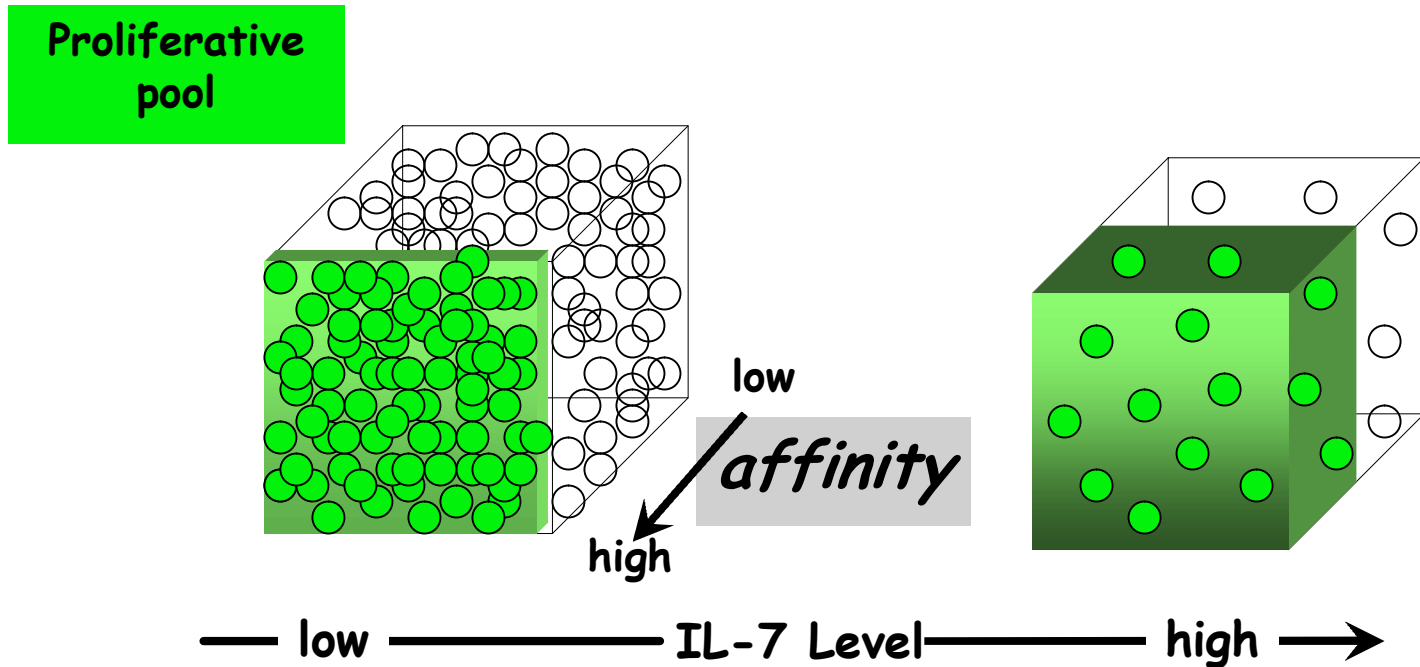
T Cells

IL7 Producing Stromal Cell



T Cell Depleted

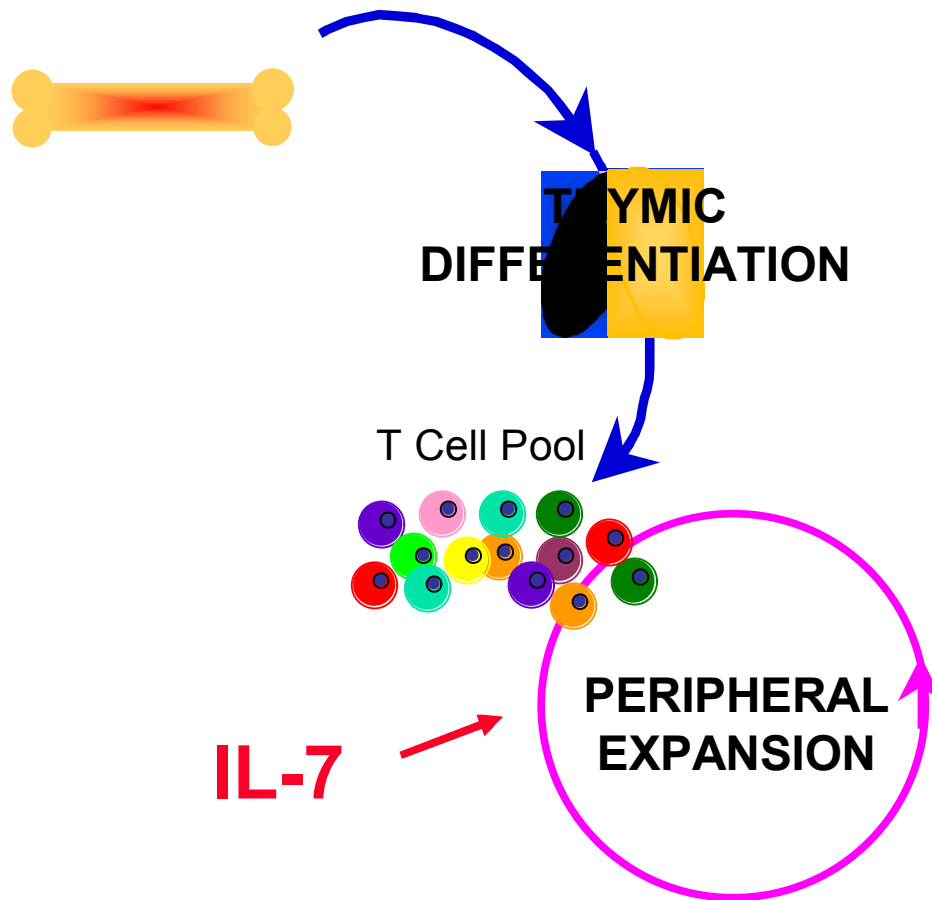
# Modeling the IL7 Effect: A greater proportion of the T cell repertoire contributes to the immune response



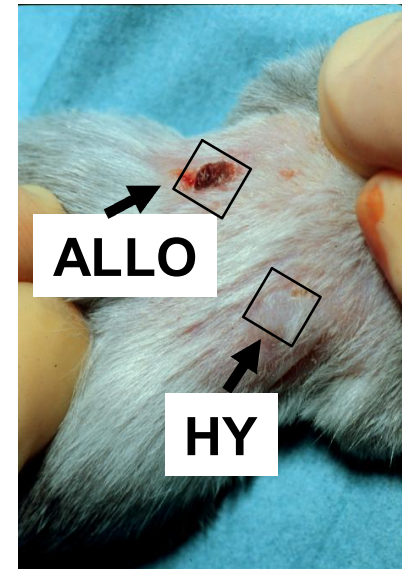
# Lymphopenia Predisposes to Autoimmunity/Augments Immune Response to Tumor Antigens

- Murine models:
  - autoimmune gastritis (Gleeson, PA)
    - neonatally thymectomized mice
    - Adult thymectomy + cyclophosphamide
  - Colitis in mice depleted of CD4+CD25+ Treg cells (Sakaguchi)
  - Homeostatic proliferation elicits antitumor immunity (Dummer, JCI)
- Human setting
  - Immune Repopulation Syndromes in HIV
    - Examples
      - Immune Recovery Vitritis (Karavellas et al.)
      - Exacerbation of progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy
      - Graves disease
    - Tend to be limited to one organ
    - Associated with previous infection/inflammation in that organ
  - Dudley et al., Science, 2003.
    - Potent antitumor responses in melanoma associated with adoptive transfer
    - Autoimmune iritis following adoptive transfer of CTL in TCD humans with melanoma

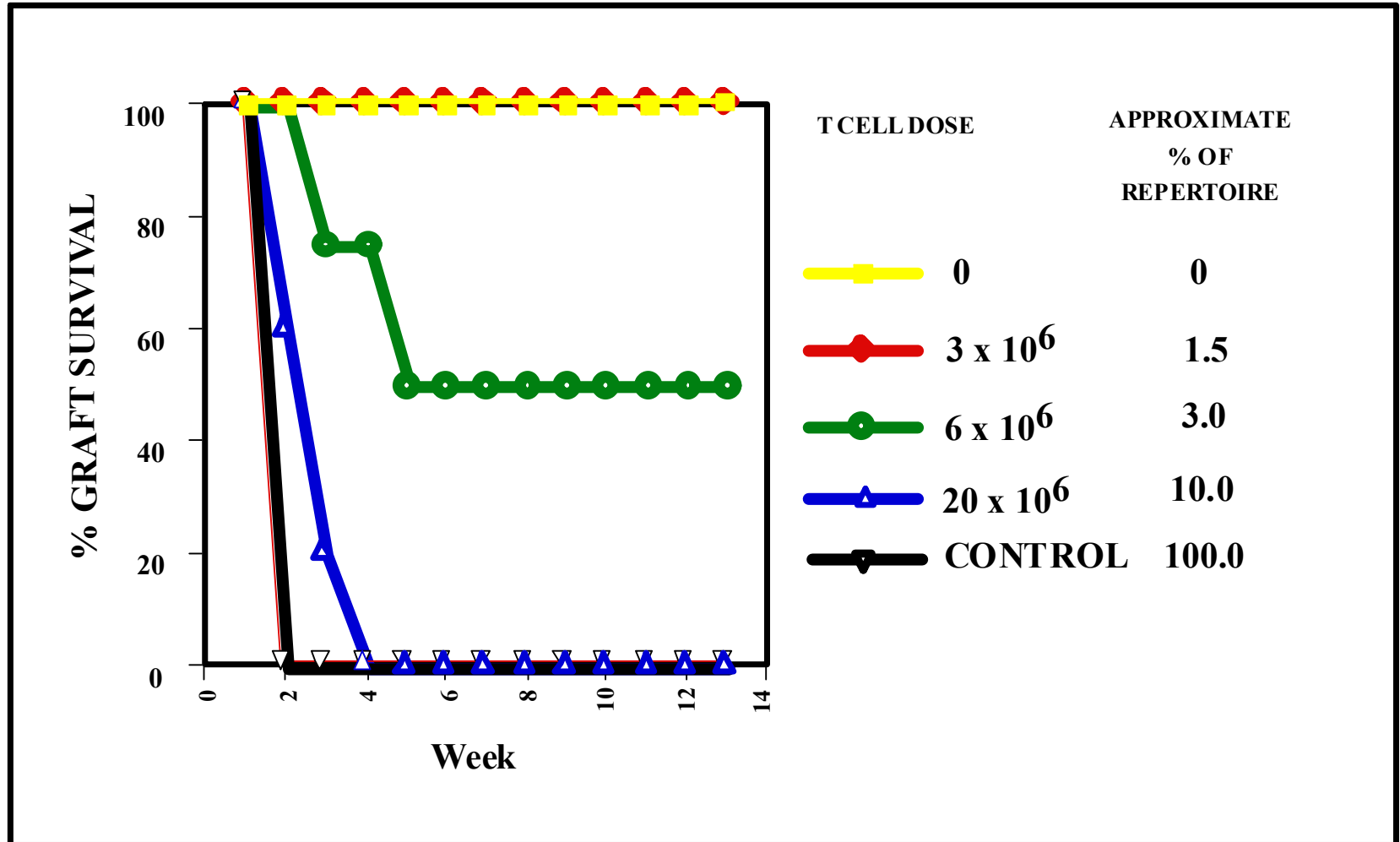
# Exploiting Homeostatic Peripheral Expansion for Immune Based Therapy for Cancer



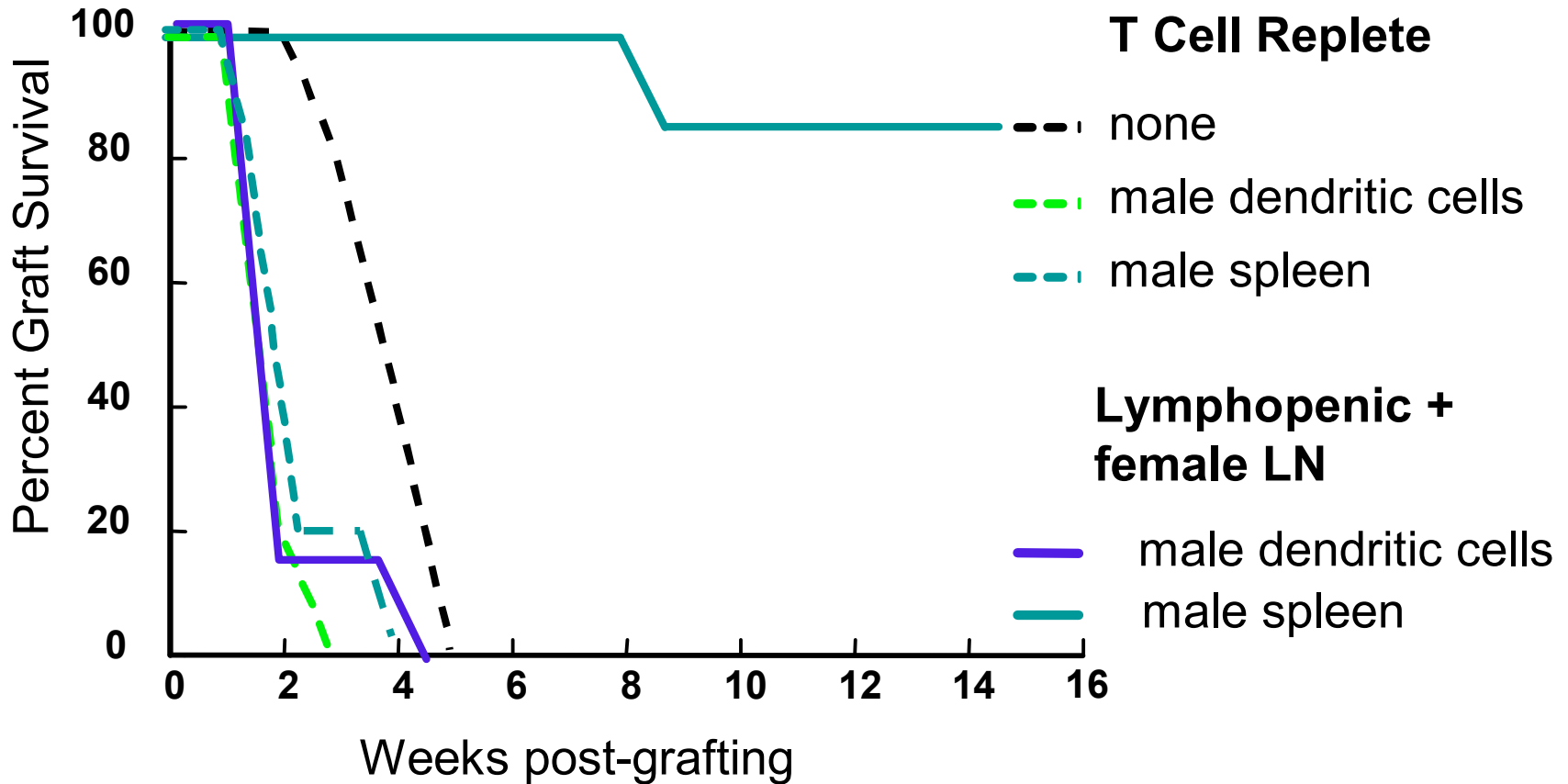
- Exploitation for tumor immunotherapy
- Began by determining requirements for HY graft rejection



# Approximately 10% of the Murine T Cell Repertoire Is Necessary to Restore HY Responses in Athymic Hosts



# Lymphopenic Hosts are Susceptible to Tolerance since Mixed Populations of “Professional” and “Non-professional” APCs Sensitize T Cell Replete but Tolerize Lymphopenic Hosts



**Lymphopenic Hosts develop Toleragenic CD8+ Cells in this Model**

# Recognition of the Peripheral Self by Naturally Arising CD25 +CD4 +T Cell Receptors

*Hsieh & Rudensky, Immunity, August, 2004*

- CD4+CD25+ and CD4+CD25- repertoires are equally diverse, but show little overlap
- Retroviral transduction of Va repertoire from CD4+CD25+ cells (but not CD4+CD25- cells) into TCRbeta transgenic (x RAG1-/-) causes dramatic expansion and wasting disease in lymphopenic mice
- Retroviral transduction of Va repertoire from CD4+CD25+ cells (but not CD4+CD25- cells) into bone marrow results in CD4+CD25+ repertoire

Conclusion: CD4+CD25+ repertoire is largely self-reactive, therefore on a cell-to-cell basis, homeostatic peripheral expansion would be more efficient than that observed for the CD4+CD25- repertoire.

# Induced Lymphopenia to Augment Immune Responses

## Yin:

- CD4 lymphopenia will be prolonged with clinical complications related to the degree
- diminished repertoire diversity may limit responses to weak antigens
- high rate of apoptosis will likely limit efficacy
- regulatory cells may be induced in this setting (Treg, CD8s)



## Yang:

- increased magnitude of proliferation to high affinity antigen
  - induction of proliferation to low affinity/self antigens
- induced largely by the accumulation of the immunostimulatory cytokine IL7 in response to CD4 depletion
  - depending upon method of depletion, regulatory cells may also be depleted



# Future Goals for Modulating T Cell Homeostasis in Tumor Immunotherapy

- Avoid broad immunosuppression
- Retains T cell receptor repertoire diversity which is needed for diverse immune response
- Pharmacologic rhIL7 to Replicate Homeostatic Expansion in T Cell Replete Hosts
  - ? rhIL15, ?others
- Selective Depletion of Regulatory Cells

# Contributors

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